



International
Standard

ISO/IEC 9797-2

**Information security — Message
authentication codes (MACs)**

Part 2:
**Mechanisms using a dedicated hash-
function**

TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 1

*Sécurité de l'information — Codes d'authentification de message
(MAC)*

*Partie 2:
Mécanismes utilisant une fonction de hachage dédiée*

RECTIFICATIF TECHNIQUE 1

**Third edition
2021-06**

**TECHNICAL
CORRIGENDUM 1
2024-11**



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO/IEC 2024

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

ISO/IEC 9797-2:2021/Cor. 1:2024(en)

Technical Corrigendum 1 to ISO/IEC 9797-2:2021 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 27, *Information security, cyber security, and privacy protection*.

Information security — Message authentication codes (MACs) —

Part 2:

Mechanisms using a dedicated hash-function

TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 1

Clause 4

Add the following at the end of the clause:

$[x]$ the smallest integer greater than or equal to the real number x

6.2.2

Replace the first sentence with the following:

If K is shorter than 128 bits, concatenate K to itself $[128/k]$ times and select the leftmost 128 bits of the result to form the 128-bit key K' :

Replace the last equation with the following:

$$K_1 = K_1[0] \parallel K_1[1] \parallel K_1[2] \parallel K_1[3] \parallel K_1[4] \parallel K_1[5] \parallel K_1[6] \parallel K_1[7]$$

6.4.2

Replace the last line with the following:

$$C'_i = K_1[1] \quad (64 \leq i \leq 79)$$

6.4.3

Replace the last line with the following:

$$C'_i = K_1[3] \quad (48 \leq i \leq 63)$$

6.4.5

Replace the first sentence with the following:

The 128-bit constant strings T_i for dedicated hash-function 4 are defined as follows (in hexadecimal representation):

6.4.6

Replace the first sentence with the following:

The 128-bit constant strings T_i for dedicated hash-function 5 are defined as follows (in hexadecimal representation):

6.4.7

Replace the first sentence with the following:

The 128-bit constant strings T_i for dedicated hash-function 6 are defined as follows (in hexadecimal representation):

6.4.8

Replace the first sentence with the following:

The 128-bit constant strings T_i for dedicated hash-function 8 are defined as follows (in hexadecimal representation):

8.2.2

Replace the first sentence with the following:

If K is shorter than 128 bits, concatenate K to itself $\lceil 128/k \rceil$ times and select the leftmost 128 bits of the result to form the 128-bit key K' :

9.4.3

Replace the last three sentences with the following:

The characters 00 in item c) specify two zero bits.

NOTE The number 168 is the rate (in bytes) of SPONGE[f , pad , 1 344], where $f = \text{KECCAK-}p[1\ 600, 24]$. SPONGE[f , pad , 1 344] is referred to as KECCAK[256] in Reference [12].

9.5.3

Replace the last three sentences with the following:

The characters 00 in item c) specify two zero bits.

NOTE The number 136 is the rate (in bytes) of SPONGE[f , pad , 1 088], where $f = \text{KECCAK-}p[1\ 600, 24]$. SPONGE[f , pad , 1 088] is referred to as KECCAK[512] in Reference [12].

9.6.2

Replace the first sentence of NOTE with the following:

When used as a XOF, KMAC is computed by setting the encoded output length to 0, as shown in *right_encode*(0) in item b).

9.6.3

Replace the last three sentences with the following:

The characters 00 in item c) specify two zero bits.

NOTE The number 168 is the rate (in bytes) of SPONGE[f , pad , 1 344], where $f = \text{KECCAK-}p[1\ 600, 24]$. SPONGE[f , pad , 1 344] is referred to as KECCAK[256] in Reference [12].

9.7.3

Replace the last three sentences with the following:

The characters 00 in item c) specify two zero bits.

NOTE The number 136 is the rate (in bytes) of SPONGE[f , pad , 1 088], where $f = \text{KECCAK-}p[1\ 600, 24]$. SPONGE[f , pad , 1 088] is referred to as KECCAK[512] in Reference [12].

B.2.7

Replace the element in the second row and second column with the following:

192-bit MAC result: leftmost 192 bits of

B.3.1

Replace the third bullet point with the following:

$m = 128$ for dedicated hash-functions 4, 12, 14 and 17;

B.3.1

Replace the fifth bullet point with the following:

$m = 192$ for dedicated hash-functions 6 and 15; and

B.4.1

Replace the two bullet points with the following:

$m = 80$ for dedicated hash-functions 1 and 3;

$m = 64$ for dedicated hash-function 2;

$m = 128$ for dedicated hash-functions 4 and 17;

$m = 256$ for dedicated hash-function 5;

$m = 192$ for dedicated hash-function 6; and

$m = 112$ for dedicated hash-function 8.

Annex C

Replace the sentence below the NOTE with the following:

— It has been proven that MAC Algorithm 2 is secure if the following assumption holds:^[8]

Annex C

Replace the first sentence of the last paragraph with the following:

For KMAC256, $c = 512$ and $r = 1\ 088$.

Bibliography

Remove entry [7] from the list.



ICS 35.030