

# System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer Class

```
[ILAsm]
.class public abstract beforefieldinit SafeBuffer extends
System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeHandle

[C#]
public abstract class SafeBuffer:
System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeHandle
```

## Assembly Info:

- *Name:* mscorlib
- *Public Key:* [00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 00 00 00 00]
- *Version:* 4.0.0.0
- *Attributes:*
  - CLSCompliantAttribute(true)

## Summary

Provides a controlled memory buffer that can be used for reading and writing. Attempts to access memory outside the controlled buffer (underruns and overruns) raise exceptions.

## Inherits From: System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeHandle

**Library:** RuntimeInfrastructure

## Description

You must call the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer.Initialize` method before you use any instance of `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer`. To avoid races when you store an instance of a `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer` object in a static variable, you should use one of the following approaches:

- Create a lock when publishing the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer`.
- Create a local variable, initialize the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer`, and then assign the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer` to the static variable, for example, by using the `System.Threading.Interlocked.CompareExchange`1` method.

[*Note:* Assignments in a static class constructor are implicitly locked.

]

# SafeBuffer(System.Boolean) Constructor

```
[ILAsm]  
.method family hidebysig specialname rtspecialname instance void  
.ctor(bool ownsHandle) cil managed  
  
[C#]  
protected SafeBuffer (bool ownsHandle)
```

## Summary

Creates a new instance of the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer` class, and specifies whether the buffer handle is to be reliably released.

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>ownsHandle</i>	true to reliably release the handle during the finalization phase; false to prevent reliable release (not recommended).

# SafeBuffer.AcquirePointer(System.Byte\* &) Method

```
[ILAsm]
.method public hidebysig instance void AcquirePointer(uint8*& pointer) cil
managed

[C#]
public void AcquirePointer (ref byte* pointer)
```

## Summary

Obtains a pointer from a `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer` object for a block of memory.

## Type Attributes:

- `CLSCompliantAttribute(false)`

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>pointer</i>	A byte pointer, passed by reference, to receive the pointer from within the <code>System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer</code> object. You must set this pointer to null before you call this method.

## Description

When `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer.AcquirePointer` returns, you should perform bounds checking by verifying that the *pointer* parameter is null. If it is not null, you must call the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer.ReleasePointer` method in a constrained execution region (CER).

`System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer.AcquirePointer` calls the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeHandle.DangerousAddRef` method and exposes the pointer. Unlike the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer.Read`1` method, it does not change the current position of the pointer.

The following example demonstrates how to use the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer.AcquirePointer` method:

```
byte* pointer = null;
RuntimeHelpers.PrepareConstrainedRegions();
try {
    MySafeBuffer.AcquirePointer(ref pointer);
```

1       // Use pointer here, with your own bounds checking.  
2       }  
3   finally {  
4       if (pointer != null)  
5           MySafeBuffer.ReleasePointer();  
6       }  
7   If you cast *pointer* (which is a pointer to a byte) as a pointer to a different type (T\*), you  
8   may have pointer alignment issues.  
9  
10   You must take responsibility for all bounds checking with this pointer.

## 11   Exceptions

Exception	Condition
<b>System.InvalidOperationException</b>	The System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer. Initialize method has not been called.

12

13

# SafeBuffer.Initialize(System.UInt64) Method

```
[ILAsm]  
.method public hidebysig instance void Initialize(uint64 numBytes) cil  
managed  
  
[C#]  
public void Initialize (ulong numBytes)
```

## Summary

Defines the allocation size of the memory region in bytes. You must call this method before you use the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer` instance.

## Type Attributes:

- `CLSCompliantAttribute(false)`

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>numBytes</i>	The number of bytes in the buffer.

## Exceptions

Exception	Condition
<b>System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException</b>	<i>numBytes</i> is less than zero.  -or-  <i>numBytes</i> is greater than the available address space.

# SafeBuffer.Initialize(System.UInt32, System.UInt32) Method

```
[ILAsm]  
.method public hidebysig instance void Initialize(uint32 numElements,  
uint32 sizeofEachElement) cil managed  
  
[C#]  
public void Initialize (uint numElements, uint sizeofEachElement)
```

## Summary

Specifies the allocation size of the memory buffer by using the specified number of elements and element size. You must call this method before you use the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer` instance.

## Type Attributes:

- `CLSCompliantAttribute(false)`

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>numElements</i>	The number of elements in the buffer.
<i>sizeofEachElement</i>	The size of each element in the buffer.

## Description

This method defines the required size of the memory region as the number of elements in an array multiplied by the size of each element.

## Exceptions

Exception	Condition
<b>System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException</b>	<i>numElements</i> is less than zero. -or- <i>sizeofEachElement</i> is less than zero. -or-

	<i>numElements</i> multiplied by <i>sizeofEachElement</i> is greater than the available address space.
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# SafeBuffer.Initialize<T> (System.UInt32)

## Method

```
[ILAsm]  
.method public hidebysig instance void Initialize<valuetype.ctor T>(uint32  
numElements) cil managed  
  
[C#]  
public void Initialize<T> (uint numElements) where T: struct, new()
```

### Summary

Defines the allocation size of the memory region by specifying the number of value types. You must call this method before you use the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer` instance.

### Type Attributes:

- `CLSCompliantAttribute(false)`

### Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>numElements</i>	The number of elements of the value type to allocate memory for.

### Exceptions

Exception	Condition
<b>System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException</b>	<i>numElements</i> is less than zero.  -or- <i>numElements</i> multiplied by the size of each element is greater than the available address space.



# SafeBuffer.Read<T> (System.UInt64) Method

```
[ILAsm]  
.method public hidebysig instance !!0 Read<valuetype.ctor T>(uint64  
byteOffset) cil managed  
  
[C#]  
public T Read<T> (ulong byteOffset) where T: struct, new()
```

## Summary

Reads a value type from memory at the specified offset.

## Type Attributes:

- CLSCompliantAttribute(false)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>byteOffset</i>	The location from which to read the value type. You may have to consider alignment issues.

## Return Value

The value type that was read from memory.

## Exceptions

Exception	Condition
<b>System.InvalidOperationException</b>	The <code>System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer.Initialize</code> method has not been called.

# SafeBuffer.ReadArray<T>(System.UInt64, T[], System.Int32, System.Int32) Method

```
[ILAsm]
.method public hidebysig instance void ReadArray<valuetype.ctor T>(uint64
byteOffset, !!0[] array, int32 index, int32 count) cil managed

[C#]
public void ReadArray<T> (ulong byteOffset, T[] array, int index, int
count) where T: struct, new()
```

## Summary

Reads the specified number of value types from memory starting at the offset, and writes them into an array starting at the index.

## Type Attributes:

- CLSCompliantAttribute(false)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>byteOffset</i>	The location from which to start reading.
<i>array</i>	The output array to write to.
<i>index</i>	The location in the output array to begin writing to.
<i>count</i>	The number of value types to read from the input array and to write to the output array.

## Exceptions

Exception	Condition
<b>System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException</b>	<i>index</i> is less than zero. -or- <i>count</i> is less than zero.

<b>System.ArgumentNullException</b>	<i>array</i> is null.
<b>System.ArgumentException</b>	The length of the array minus the index is less than <i>count</i> .
<b>System.InvalidOperationException</b>	The System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer. Initialize method has not been called.

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# SafeBuffer.ReleasePointer() Method

```
[ILAsm]
.method public hidebysig instance void ReleasePointer() cil managed

[C#]
public void ReleasePointer ()
```

## Summary

Releases a pointer that was obtained by the `System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer.AcquirePointer` method.

## Description

After this method returns, the pointer cannot be used.

## Exceptions

Exception	Condition
<b>System.InvalidOperationException</b>	The <code>System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer.Initialize</code> method has not been called.

# SafeBuffer.Write<T>(System.UInt64, T)

## Method

```
[ILAsm]
.method public hidebysig instance void Write<valuetype.ctor T>(uint64
byteOffset, !!0 'value') cil managed

[C#]
public void Write<T> (ulong byteOffset, T value) where T: struct, new()
```

## Summary

Writes a value type to memory at the given location.

## Type Attributes:

- CLSCompliantAttribute(false)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>byteOffset</i>	The location at which to start writing. You may have to consider alignment issues.
<i>value</i>	The value to write.

## Description

This method is equivalent to the following code:

```
*(T*)(bytePtr + byteOffset) = value;
```

## Exceptions

Exception	Condition
<b>System.InvalidOperationException</b>	The System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer. Initialize method has not been called.

# SafeBuffer.WriteArray<T>(System.UInt64, T[], System.Int32, System.Int32) Method

```
[ILAsm]
.method public hidebysig instance void WriteArray<valuetype.ctor T>(uint64
byteOffset, !!0[] array, int32 index, int32 count) cil managed

[C#]
public void WriteArray<T> (ulong byteOffset, T[] array, int index, int
count) where T: struct, new()
```

## Summary

Writes the specified number of value types to a memory location by reading bytes starting from the specified location in the input array.

## Type Attributes:

- CLSCompliantAttribute(false)

## Parameters

Parameter	Description
<i>byteOffset</i>	The location in memory to write to.
<i>array</i>	The input array.
<i>index</i>	The offset in the array to start reading from.
<i>count</i>	The number of value types to write.

## Description

Each element in the input array consists of the generic value type of the class.

## Exceptions

Exception	Condition
<b>System.ArgumentNullException</b>	<i>array</i> is null.
<b>System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException</b>	<i>index</i> or <i>count</i> is less than zero.

<b>System.ArgumentException</b>	The length of the input array minus <i>index</i> is less than <i>count</i> .
<b>System.InvalidOperationException</b>	The System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer. Initialize method has not been called.

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# SafeBuffer.ByteLength Property

```
[ILAsm]  
.property instance uint64 ByteLength  
  
[C#]  
public ulong ByteLength { get; }
```

## Summary

Gets the size of the buffer, in bytes.

## Type Attributes:

- CLSCompliantAttribute(false)

## Property Value

The number of bytes in the memory buffer.

## Exceptions

Exception	Condition
System.InvalidOperationException	The System.Runtime.InteropServices.SafeBuffer. Initialize method has not been called.