



ISO/IEC 29341-10-10

Edition 1.0 2008-11

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**Information technology – UPnP Device Architecture –
Part 10-10: Quality of Service Device Control Protocol – Quality of Service
Device Service**





THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Copyright © 2008 ISO/IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester.

If you have any questions about ISO/IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Central Office
3, rue de Varembé
CH-1211 Geneva 20
Switzerland
Email: inmail@iec.ch
Web: www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigenda or an amendment might have been published.

- Catalogue of IEC publications: www.iec.ch/searchpub

The IEC on-line Catalogue enables you to search by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee,...). It also gives information on projects, withdrawn and replaced publications.

- IEC Just Published: www.iec.ch/online_news/justpub

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details twice a month all new publications released. Available on-line and also by email.

- Electropedia: www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary of electronic and electrical terms containing more than 20 000 terms and definitions in English and French, with equivalent terms in additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary online.

- Customer Service Centre: www.iec.ch/webstore/custserv

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please visit the Customer Service Centre FAQ or contact us:

Email: csc@iec.ch

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11

Fax: +41 22 919 03 00



ISO/IEC 29341-10-10

Edition 1.0 2008-11

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**Information technology – UPnP Device Architecture –
Part 10-10: Quality of Service Device Control Protocol – Quality of Service
Device Service**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

PRICE CODE

M

ICS 35.200

ISBN 2-8318-1011-61

CONTENTS

FOREWORD	4
ORIGINAL UPNP DOCUMENTS (informative)	6
1. Overview and Scope	8
1.1. Referenced Specifications	8
1.1.1. Normative References	8
1.1.2. Informative References.....	8
2. Service Modeling Definitions	9
2.1. ServiceType	9
2.2. Namespaces	9
2.3. State Variables	9
2.3.1. Derived data Types	9
2.3.2. A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptor	10
2.3.3. A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface	11
2.3.4. A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficHandle	12
2.3.5. A_ARG_TYPE_NumTrafficDescriptors	12
2.3.6. A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceCapabilities	12
2.3.7. A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceState	14
2.3.8. PathInformation.....	16
2.3.9. A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceInfo	19
2.3.10. Relationships between State Variables	20
2.4. Eventing and Moderation	21
2.4.1. Event Model	21
2.5. Actions.....	22
2.5.1. GetQosDeviceCapabilities	22
2.5.2. GetQosState	22
2.5.3. SetupTrafficQos	23
2.5.4. ReleaseTrafficQos	24
2.5.5. GetPathInformation.....	25
2.5.6. GetQosDeviceInfo	25
2.5.7. Non-Standard Actions Implemented by a UPnP Vendor	26
2.5.8. Relationships Between Actions.....	27
2.5.9. Common Error Codes	27
2.6. Theory of Operation	28
3. XML Service Descriptions	29
4. Test	32

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2-1: State Variables	10
Table 2-2: Event Moderation	21
Table 2-3: Actions.....	22
Table 2-4: Arguments for GetQosDeviceCapabilities.....	22
Table 2-5: Error Codes for GetQosDeviceCapabilities.....	22
Table 2-6: Arguments for GetQosState	23
Table 2-7: Error Codes for GetQosState	23
Table 2-8: Arguments for SetupTrafficQos.....	24
Table 2-9: Error Codes for SetupTrafficQos.....	24
Table 2-10: Arguments for ReleaseTrafficQos.....	24
Table 2-11: Error Codes for ReleaseTrafficQos.....	25
Table 2-12: Arguments for GetPathInformation	25
Table 2-13: Error Codes for GetPathInformation	25
Table 2-14: Arguments for GetQosDeviceInfo	26
Table 2-15: Error Codes for GetQosDeviceInfo	26
Table 2-16: Common Error Codes	27

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – UPNP DEVICE ARCHITECTURE –

Part 10-10: Quality of Service Device Control Protocol Quality of Service Device Service

FOREWORD

- 1) ISO (International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any ISO and IEC member body interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with ISO and IEC also participate in this preparation.
- 2) In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.
- 3) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC and ISO on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC and ISO member bodies.
- 4) IEC, ISO and ISO/IEC publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC and ISO member bodies in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC, ISO and ISO/IEC publications is accurate, IEC or ISO cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 5) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC and ISO member bodies undertake to apply IEC, ISO and ISO/IEC publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any ISO/IEC publication and the corresponding national or regional publication should be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 6) ISO and IEC provide no marking procedure to indicate their approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an ISO/IEC publication.
- 7) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 8) No liability shall attach to IEC or ISO or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of their technical committees and IEC or ISO member bodies for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication of, use of, or reliance upon, this ISO/IEC publication or any other IEC, ISO or ISO/IEC publications.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.

IEC and ISO draw attention to the fact that it is claimed that compliance with this document may involve the use of patents as indicated below.

ISO and IEC take no position concerning the evidence, validity and scope of the putative patent rights. The holders of the putative patent rights have assured IEC and ISO that they are willing to negotiate free licences or licences under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions with applicants throughout the world. In this respect, the statements of the holders of the putative patent rights are registered with IEC and ISO.

Intel Corporation has informed IEC and ISO that it has patent applications or granted patents.

Information may be obtained from:

Intel Corporation
Standards Licensing Department
5200 NE Elam Young Parkway
MS: JFS-98
USA – Hillsboro, Oregon 97124

Microsoft Corporation has informed IEC and ISO that it has patent applications or granted patents as listed below:

6101499 / US; 6687755 / US; 6910068 / US; 7130895 / US; 6725281 / US; 7089307 / US; 7069312 / US;
10/783 524 /US

Information may be obtained from:

Microsoft Corporation
One Microsoft Way
USA – Redmond WA 98052

Philips International B.V. has informed IEC and ISO that it has patent applications or granted patents.

Information may be obtained from:

Philips International B.V. – IP&S
High Tech campus, building 44 3A21
NL – 5656 Eindhoven

NXP B.V. (NL) has informed IEC and ISO that it has patent applications or granted patents.

Information may be obtained from:

NXP B.V. (NL)
High Tech campus 60
NL – 5656 AG Eindhoven

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co. Ltd. has informed IEC and ISO that it has patent applications or granted patents.

Information may be obtained from:

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co. Ltd.
1-3-7 Shiromi, Chuoh-ku
JP – Osaka 540-6139

Hewlett Packard Company has informed IEC and ISO that it has patent applications or granted patents as listed below:

5 956 487 / US; 6 170 007 / US; 6 139 177 / US; 6 529 936 / US; 6 470 339 / US; 6 571 388 / US; 6 205
466 / US

Information may be obtained from:

Hewlett Packard Company
1501 Page Mill Road
USA – Palo Alto, CA 94304

Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd. has informed IEC and ISO that it has patent applications or granted patents.

Information may be obtained from:

Digital Media Business, Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd.
416 Maetan-3 Dong, Yeongtang-Gu,
KR – Suwon City 443-742

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights other than those identified above. IEC and ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 29341-10-10 was prepared by UPnP Implementers Corporation and adopted, under the PAS procedure, by joint technical committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, in parallel with its approval by national bodies of ISO and IEC.

The list of all currently available parts of the ISO/IEC 29341 series, under the general title *Universal plug and play (UPnP) architecture*, can be found on the IEC web site.

This International Standard has been approved by vote of the member bodies, and the voting results may be obtained from the address given on the second title page.

ORIGINAL UPNP DOCUMENTS (informative)

Reference may be made in this document to original UPnP documents. These references are retained in order to maintain consistency between the specifications as published by ISO/IEC and by UPnP Implementers Corporation. The following table indicates the original UPnP document titles and the corresponding part of ISO/IEC 29341:

UPnP Document Title	ISO/IEC 29341 Part
UPnP Device Architecture 1.0	ISO/IEC 29341-1
UPnP Basic:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-2
UPnP AV Architecture:1	ISO/IEC 29341-3-1
UPnP MediaRenderer:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-3-2
UPnP MediaServer:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-3-3
UPnP AVTransport:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-3-10
UPnP ConnectionManager:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-3-11
UPnP ContentDirectory:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-3-12
UPnP RenderingControl:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-3-13
UPnP MediaRenderer:2 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-4-2
UPnP MediaServer:2 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-4-3
UPnP AV Datastructure Template:1	ISO/IEC 29341-4-4
UPnP AVTransport:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-4-10
UPnP ConnectionManager:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-4-11
UPnP ContentDirectory:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-4-12
UPnP RenderingControl:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-4-13
UPnP ScheduledRecording:1	ISO/IEC 29341-4-14
UPnP DigitalSecurityCamera:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-5-1
UPnP DigitalSecurityCameraMotionImage:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-5-10
UPnP DigitalSecurityCameraSettings:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-5-11
UPnP DigitalSecurityCameraStillImage:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-5-12
UPnP HVAC_System:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-6-1
UPnP HVAC_ZoneThermostat:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-6-2
UPnP ControlValve:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-10
UPnP HVAC_FanOperatingMode:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-11
UPnP FanSpeed:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-12
UPnP HouseStatus:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-13
UPnP HVAC_SetpointSchedule:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-14
UPnP TemperatureSensor:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-15
UPnP TemperatureSetpoint:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-16
UPnP HVAC_UserOperatingMode:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-6-17
UPnP BinaryLight:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-7-1
UPnP DimmableLight:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-7-2
UPnP Dimming:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-7-10
UPnP SwitchPower:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-7-11
UPnP InternetGatewayDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-8-1
UPnP LANDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-8-2
UPnP WANDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-8-3
UPnP WANConnectionDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-8-4
UPnP WLANAccessPointDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-8-5
UPnP LANHostConfigManagement:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-10
UPnP Layer3Forwarding:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-11
UPnP LinkAuthentication:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-12
UPnP RadiusClient:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-13
UPnP WANCableLinkConfig:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-14
UPnP WANCommonInterfaceConfig:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-15
UPnP WANDSLLinkConfig:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-16
UPnP WANEthernetLinkConfig:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-17
UPnP WANIPConnection:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-18
UPnP WANPOTSLinkConfig:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-19
UPnP WANPPPCConnection:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-20
UPnP WLANConfiguration:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-8-21
UPnP Printer:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-9-1
UPnP Scanner:1.0 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-9-2
UPnP ExternalActivity:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-9-10
UPnP Feeder:1.0 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-9-11
UPnP PrintBasic:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-9-12
UPnP Scan:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-9-13
UPnP QoS Architecture:1.0	ISO/IEC 29341-10-1
UPnP QosDevice:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-10-10
UPnP QosManager:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-10-11
UPnP QosPolicyHolder:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-10-12
UPnP QoS Architecture:2	ISO/IEC 29341-11-1
UPnP QOS v2 Schema Files	ISO/IEC 29341-11-2

UPnP Document Title	ISO/IEC 29341 Part
UPnP QoSDevice:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-11-10
UPnP QosManager:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-11-11
UPnP QosPolicyHolder:2 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-11-12
UPnP RemoteUIClientDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-12-1
UPnP RemoteUIServerDevice:1 Device	ISO/IEC 29341-12-2
UPnP RemoteUIClient:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-12-10
UPnP RemoteUIServer:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-12-11
UPnP DeviceSecurity:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-13-10
UPnP SecurityConsole:1 Service	ISO/IEC 29341-13-11

1. Overview and Scope

This service definition is compliant with the UPnP Device Architecture version 1.0. [Qos Architecture]

This service-type enables modeling of ‘QoS Device’ function capabilities. QosDevice service is a function typically implemented in source, sink and intermediate network elements that are in the path of traffic. QosDevice Service is responsible for providing the appropriate network resources to traffic and state of the device as requested by QosManager Service. [QM]

This document does not address the procedure for end to end set up a new traffic stream or revoke an existing traffic stream.

1.1. Referenced Specifications

Unless explicitly stated otherwise herein, implementation of the mandatory provisions of any standard referenced by this specification shall be mandatory for compliance with this specification.

1.1.1. Normative References

This section lists the normative references used in this document and includes the tag inside square brackets that is used for each sub reference:

[Annex_G] – IEEE 802.1D-2004, Annex G, *IEEE Standard for Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - IEEE standard for local and metropolitan area networks - Common specifications - Media access control (MAC) Bridges*, 2004.

[XML] – [Extensible Markup Language \(XML\) 1.0 \(Second Edition\)](#), T. Bray, J. Paoli, C. M. Sperberg-McQueen, E. Maler, eds. W3C Recommendations, 6 October 2000.

[QM] – UPnP QosManager:1 Service Document: Note that only the schema definition used for the A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptor is normative for UPnP QosDevice:1 service specification and the schema is defined in the UPnP QosManager:1 document.

[DEVICE] - [UPnP Device Architecture, version 1.0.1](#).

1.1.2. Informative References

This section lists the informative references used in this document and includes the tag inside square brackets that is used for each sub reference:

[Qos Architecture] – UPnP Qos Architecture:1 Document

2. Service Modeling Definitions

2.1. ServiceType

The following service type identifies a service that is compliant with this template:

urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:QosDevice:1

The shorthand QosDevice is used herein to refer to this type of service.

2.2. Namespaces

The XML[XML] in this document should be read as if the following namespace definitions are in effect.

```
xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/TrafficDescriptorv1.xsd" [QM]
xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:QosManager:1" [QM]
```

2.3. State Variables

Reader Note: For first-time reader, it may be more insightful to read the action definitions before reading the state variable definitions.

2.3.1. Derived data Types

This section defines some derived data types that are represented as UPnP string data types with special syntax.

2.3.1.1. XML Fragments as UPnP Arguments

The UPnP QoS Framework often uses XML Fragments as arguments in UPnP actions. The containing UPnP data type is a string. This places restrictions on a string's content; it has to represent a well-formed XML fragment (this includes a complete XML document).

The XML schemas used in UPnP-QoS are defined in the respective files located on
<http://www.upnp.org/schemas/>

In their XML fragments, implementations may use an explicit reference to appropriate name spaces.

At several places in the XML schemas there is room for vendor differentiation through the use of the “any”-tag. When extending UPnP-QoS with their own XML tags, vendors should use a name space to prevent collisions of their tags with those of other vendors. It is recommended that implementations are not required to retrieve the corresponding schemas from the Internet.

Finally, an XML fragment, in adherence to the UPnP V1.0 architecture[Qos Architecture], needs to be escaped by using the normal XML rules, [XML] Section 2.4 Character Data and Markup, before embedding it in a SOAP request or response message. The XML escaping rules are summarized from the [XML] reference mentioned above:

- The (<) character is encoded as (<)
- The (>) character is encoded as (>)
- The (&) character is encoded as (&)
- The (‘) character is encoded as (")
- The (‘) character is encoded as (')

Table 2-1: State Variables

Variable Name	Req. or Opt. ¹	Data Type	Allowed Value ²	Defau lt Value ²	Eng. Units
A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptor	R	String (XML fragment)	See section 2.3.2	n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface	R	String (XML fragment)	See section 2.3.3	n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficHandle	R	String	See section 2.3.4	n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_NumTrafficDescriptors	R	Integer	See section 2.3.5	n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceCapabilities	R	String (XML fragment)	See section 2.3.6	n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceState	R	String (XML fragment)	See section 2.3.7	n/a	n/a
PathInformation	O	String (XML fragment)	See section 2.3.8	n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceInfo	O	String (XML fragment)	See section 2.3.9	n/a	n/a
A_ARG_TYPE_QosStateId	R	String		n/a	n/a

¹ R = Required, O = Optional, X = Non-standard.

² Values listed in this column are required. To specify standard optional values or to delegate assignment of values to the vendor, you must reference a specific instance of an appropriate table below.

2.3.2. A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptor

This is an escaped XML string, as specified in section 2.3.1.1, which contains QoS related information for a traffic stream. Refer to [QM] document, for details of this XML fragment using the namespace, `xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/TrafficDescriptorv1.xsd"`.

2.3.3. A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface

This is an escaped XML string, as specified in section 2.3.1.1, which contains the list of traffic descriptors that are associated with a network interface on a given QosDevice.

2.3.3.1. XML Schema Definition

```

<xs:schema
targetNamespace="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface
.xsd"
  xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface.xsd"
  xmlns:td="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/TrafficDescriptorv1.xsd"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  elementFormDefault="qualified"
  id="TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface">

  <xs:import
    namespace="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/TrafficDescriptorv1.xsd"
    schemaLocation="TrafficDescriptorv1.xsd"/>
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation xml:lang="en">
      Traffic Descriptors Per Interface schema.
      Copyright 2004 UPnP(tm). All rights reserved.
    </xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:element name="TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface"
    type="TrafficDescriptorsPerInterfaceType"/>
  <xs:complexType name="TrafficDescriptorsPerInterfaceType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="TdInterfacePair" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded">
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="TrafficDescriptor"
type="td:TrafficDescriptorType"/>
            <xs:element name="InterfaceId" type="xs:string"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
          </xs:sequence>
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:schema>
```

2.3.3.2. Description of fields in the TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface structure

The TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface is a complex structure that consists of one or more entries of ‘TdInterfacePair’. TdInterfacePair lists one TrafficDescriptor, followed by the InterfaceId of the associated of the interface. Here are the details about these two parameters:

TrafficDescriptor: This field describes a TrafficDescriptor associated with an Interface. An Interface can have multiple associated TrafficDescriptor objects.

InterfaceId: This is a required field. The value is of type string and is a unique value for a given device and is used to identify the interface.

2.3.3.3. Sample argument XML string

```

<TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface
  xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface.xsd"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface.xsd">
  <TdInterfacePair>
    <TrafficDescriptor>
```

```

<TrafficHandle>kiwin1</TrafficHandle>
<TrafficId>
  <SourceAddress>
    <Ipv4>192.168.1.50</Ipv4>
  </SourceAddress>
  <SourcePort>23</SourcePort>
  <DestinationAddress>
    <Ipv4>192.168.1.50</Ipv4>
  </DestinationAddress>
  <DestinationPort>23</DestinationPort>
  <IpProtocol>1</IpProtocol>
</TrafficId>
<AvailableOrderedTspecList>
  <Tspec>
    <TspecIndex>300</TspecIndex>
    <TrafficClass>AV</TrafficClass>
  </Tspec>
  <Tspec>
    <TspecIndex>2</TspecIndex>
    <TrafficClass>Audio</TrafficClass>
  </Tspec>
</AvailableOrderedTspecList>
<ActiveTspecIndex>300</ActiveTspecIndex>
<TrafficImportanceNumber>5</TrafficImportanceNumber>
<OptionalPolicyParams>
  <CpName>Amy's CP</CpName>
</OptionalPolicyParams>
</TrafficDescriptor>
<InterfaceId>eth0</InterfaceId>
</TdInterfacePair>
</TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface>

```

2.3.4. A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficHandle

A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficHandle is a string to identify a traffic stream. Refer to the [QM] document for more details.

2.3.5. A_ARG_TYPE_NumTrafficDescriptors

This is an integer argument. Refer to the [QM] document for more details.

2.3.6. A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceCapabilities

This is an escaped XML fragment, as specified in section 2.3.1.1, and contains information describing a device's QoS capabilities. Refer to

“`xmlns=http://www.upnp.org/schemas/QosDeviceCapabilities.xsd`” for syntactic details of this structure.

2.3.6.1. XML Schema Definition

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/QosDeviceCapabilities.xsd"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  targetNamespace="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/QosDeviceCapabilities.xsd"
  elementFormDefault="qualified" id="QosDeviceCapabilities">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation xml:lang="en">
      QosDeviceCapabilities schema.
      Copyright 2004,2005 UPnP(tm). All rights reserved.
    </xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:element name="QosDeviceCapabilities"
    type="QosDeviceCapabilitiesType"/>
  <xs:complexType name="QosDeviceCapabilitiesType">
    <xs:sequence>

```

```

<xs:element name="Interface" maxOccurs="unbounded">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="InterfaceId" type="xs:string"/>
      <xs:element name="MacAddress" type="MacAddressType"
minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="IanaTechnologyType" type="xs:integer"
minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="AdmissionControlSupported">
        <xs:simpleType>
          <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
            <xs:enumeration value="No"/>
            <xs:enumeration value="Yes"/>
          </xs:restriction>
        </xs:simpleType>
      </xs:element>
      <xs:element name="NativeQos" type="NativeQosType"/>
      <xs:element name="MaxPhyRate" type="xs:unsignedInt"/>
      <xs:element name="v2" type="v2ExtensionType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <!-- allow any element except those from target namespace -->
      <xs:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
        <xs:any namespace="#other" processContents="lax"/>
        <xs:any namespace="#local" processContents="lax"/>
      </xs:choice>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:simpleType name="MacAddressType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:pattern value=" [0-9a-fA-F]{12} "/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="NativeQosType">
  <xs:union memberTypes="BasicNativeList xs:string"/>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="BasicNativeList">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:enumeration value="Prioritized"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="BestEffort"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:complexType name="v2ExtensionType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:any namespace="#targetNamespace" processContents="lax"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute/>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>

```

2.3.6.2. Description of fields in the QosDeviceCapabilities structure

Interface: This is a required field and defined as an XML element. This field describes a network interface on the QosDevice. An Interface definition is required for each interface supported by the device. This information is provided even if the physical interface is down at a given time.

MacAddress: This is a required field if a given interface has an associated MacAddress. Provides the MAC address of the Interface.

InterfaceId: This is a required field. The value is of type string and is a unique value for a given device and is used to identify the interface.

IanaTechnologyType: The IanaTechnologyType is an integer that indicates media interface type, such as 802.3 (value=6) or 802.11 (value=71). The allowed integer values for this parameter are specified in the IANA reference ifType-MIB <<http://www.iana.org/assignments/ianaiftype-mib>>.

AdmissionControlSupported: This is a required field. AdmissionControlSupported field indicates whether the interface on the device is capable of performing device level admission control. For this version of the specification the device must set this parameter to a value of “No”.

NativeQos: This is an optional field. Contains one of the 2 values (Prioritized, BestEffort).

MaxPhyRate: Indicates the maximum PHY rate of the interface and expressed as a value of type UnsignedInt. This parameter is optional and indicates (Units) phy rate measured in bits/sec.

2.3.6.3. Sample argument XML string

```
<QosDeviceCapabilities
  xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/QosDeviceCapabilities.xsd"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/QosDeviceCapabilities.xsd">
  <Interface>
    <InterfaceId>eth0</InterfaceId>
    <MacAddress>0212abcdef11</MacAddress>
    <IanaTechnologyType>6</IanaTechnologyType>
    <AdmissionControlSupported>No</AdmissionControlSupported>
    <NativeQos>Prioritized</NativeQos>
    <MaxPhyRate>100000000</MaxPhyRate>
  </Interface>
  <Interface>
    <InterfaceId>eth1</InterfaceId>
    <MacAddress>0212abcdef12</MacAddress>
    <IanaTechnologyType>71</IanaTechnologyType>
    <AdmissionControlSupported>No</AdmissionControlSupported>
    <NativeQos>Prioritized</NativeQos>
    <MaxPhyRate>3000000</MaxPhyRate>
  </Interface>
  <Interface>
    <InterfaceId>eth2</InterfaceId>
    <MacAddress>0212abcdef13</MacAddress>
    <IanaTechnologyType>6</IanaTechnologyType>
    <AdmissionControlSupported>No</AdmissionControlSupported>
    <NativeQos>BestEffort</NativeQos>
    <MaxPhyRate>5000000</MaxPhyRate>
  </Interface>
  <Interface>
    <InterfaceId>example1</InterfaceId>
    <MacAddress>0212abcdefff</MacAddress>
    <IanaTechnologyType>12</IanaTechnologyType>
    <AdmissionControlSupported>No</AdmissionControlSupported>
    <NativeQos>BestEffort</NativeQos>
    <MaxPhyRate>5000000</MaxPhyRate>
  </Interface>
</QosDeviceCapabilities>
```

2.3.7. A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceState

A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceState is a structure that provides information about a device’s current QoS state.

2.3.7.1. XML Schema Definition

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<xss: schema xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/QosDeviceState.xsd"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  targetNamespace="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/QosDeviceState.xsd"
  elementFormDefault="qualified"
  id="QosDeviceState">
  <xss:annotation>
    <xss:documentation xml:lang="en">
      QosDeviceState schema.
      Copyright 2004 UPnP(tm). All rights reserved.
    </xss:documentation>
```

```

</xs:annotation>
<xs:element name="QosDeviceState" type="QosDeviceStateType"/>
<xs:complexType name="QosDeviceStateType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="QosStateId" type="xs:string"/>
    <xs:element name="Interface" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xs:complexType>
        <xs:sequence>
          <xs:element name="InterfaceId" type="xs:string"/>
          <xs:element name="IpAddress" type="IpAddressType" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="4"/>
          <xs:element name="InterfaceAvailability">
            <xs:simpleType>
              <xs:restriction base="xs:NMTOKEN">
                <xs:enumeration value="1"/>
                <xs:enumeration value="0"/>
              </xs:restriction>
            </xs:simpleType>
          </xs:element>
          <xs:element name="v2" type="v2ExtensionType" minOccurs="0"/>
          <!-- allow any element except those from target namespace -->
          <xs:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
            <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
            <xs:any namespace="##local" processContents="lax"/>
          </xs:choice>
        </xs:sequence>
      </xs:complexType>
    </xs:element>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:simpleType name="IPv4Address">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:pattern value="(([1-9]?[0-9]|1[0-9][0-9]|2[0-4][0-9]|25[0-
5])\.)\{3\}([1-9]?[0-9]|1[0-9][0-9]|2[0-4][0-9]|25[0-5])"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="IPv6Address">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:hexBinary">
    <xs:length value="32"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="PrefixLength">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:positiveInteger">
    <xs:minInclusive value="1"/>
    <xs:maxInclusive value="128"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:complexType name="IpAddressType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:choice>
      <xs:element name="Ipv4" type="IPv4Address"/>
      <xs:element name="Ipv6" type="IPv6Address"/>
    </xs:choice>
    <xs:element name="PrefixLength" type="PrefixLength" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="v2ExtensionType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:any namespace="##targetNamespace" processContents="lax"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute/>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>

```

2.3.7.2. Description of fields in the A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceState structure

QosStateId: This is a required field. Read theory of operation for more details as to how this parameter is used.

Interface: This is a required field and defines an interface. An Interface definition is required for each interface supported by the device.

InterfaceId: This is a required field. The value is of type string and unique for a device to identify the interface uniquely.

IpAddress: This is an optional field. This specifies the IP Address of the interface. This is optional for interfaces not configured with IP Address. However the IP Address of configured interfaces must advertise this value.

InterfaceAvailability: This is a required field. The value of 0 indicates that the interface is not available. A value of 1 indicates the interface is available which may include being in power-save mode.

2.3.7.3. Sample argument XML string

```
<QosDeviceState xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/QosDeviceState.xsd">
  <QosStateId>MyStateId001</QosStateId>
  <Interface>
    <InterfaceId>eth0</InterfaceId>
    <IpAddress><Ipv4>10.10.145.24</Ipv4></IpAddress>
    <InterfaceAvailability>1</InterfaceAvailability>
  </Interface>
  <Interface>
    <InterfaceId>eth1</InterfaceId>
    <InterfaceAvailability>0</InterfaceAvailability>
  </Interface>
  <Interface>
    <InterfaceId>eth2</InterfaceId>
    <IpAddress><Ipv4>10.10.144.23</Ipv4></IpAddress>
    <InterfaceAvailability>1</InterfaceAvailability>
  </Interface>
</QosDeviceState>
```

2.3.8. PathInformation

PathInformation is a structure that provides MAC address information about devices reachable through each active interface.

2.3.8.1. XML Schema Definition

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd"
  targetNamespace="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd"
  elementFormDefault="qualified" id="PathInformation">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation xml:lang="en">
      QosDevice PathInformation schema.
      Copyright 2004 UPnP(tm). All rights reserved.
    </xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:element name="DeviceReachableMacs" type="DeviceReachableMacsType"/>
  <xs:complexType name="DeviceReachableMacsType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="LinkReachableMacs" maxOccurs="unbounded">
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="LinkId" type="xs:string"/>
            <xs:element name="BridgeId" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"/>
            <xs:element name="MacAddress" type="MacAddressType"
minOccurs="0"/>
            <xs:element name="ReachableMac" type="MacAddressType"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
          </xs:sequence>
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

```

<!-- allow any element except those from target namespace -->
<xs:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
  <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
  <xs:any namespace="##local" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:choice>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="v2" type="v2ExtensionType" minOccurs="0"/>
<!-- allow any element except those from target namespace -->
<xs:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
  <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
  <xs:any namespace="##local" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:choice>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:simpleType name="MacAddressType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:pattern value="[0-9a-fA-F]{12}" />
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:complexType name="v2ExtensionType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:any namespace="##targetNamespace" processContents="lax"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute/>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>

```

2.3.8.2. Description of fields in PathInformation structure

LinkReachableMacs: This is a required field. A LinkReachableMacs definition is required for each available link supported by the device. For a device with physical media dedicated to an interface (such as Ethernet) there will be a LinkReachableMacs definition for each physical interface. For a device with a shared media (such as 802.11) there will be a LinkReachableMacs definition for each device pair where communication is supported by the device.

LinkId: This is a required field. Its value is of type string, it must be unique within the device. It identifies the layer-2 link.

MacAddress: This is a required field when available. Provides the MAC address of the interface for an end point device.

ReachableMac: Provides the MAC address(es) of end point devices that are reachable through the link, if any.

BridgedId: Identifies the links that are bridged together. All links that have the same BridgeID are interconnected within the device such that layer-2 frames are forwarded between them.

2.3.8.3. Sample argument XML string – PC with two network interfaces

This is an example of an end point network device with two network interfaces.

```

<DeviceReachableMacs
  xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd">
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth0</LinkId>
    <MacAddress>112233aabb03</MacAddress>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth1</LinkId>
    <MacAddress>112233aabb02</MacAddress>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
</DeviceReachableMacs>

```

2.3.8.4. Sample argument XML string – PC with two network interfaces that are both end point device and bridged

Similar to the previous example this is an example of an end point network device with two network interfaces. However this device all forwards layer-2 frames between the two network interfaces.

```
<DeviceReachableMacs
  xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd">
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth0</LinkId>
    <MacAddress>112233aabb03</MacAddress>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth1</LinkId>
    <MacAddress>112233aabb02</MacAddress>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth0</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge</BridgeId>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb03</ReachableMac>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb02</ReachableMac>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb01</ReachableMac>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb04</ReachableMac>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth1</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge0</BridgeId>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb05</ReachableMac>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
</DeviceReachableMacs>
```

2.3.8.5. Sample argument XML string –Four port Ethernet Switch

This is an example of a layer-2 switching device that interconnects four physical Ethernet ports. The device supports layer-2 frame forwarding between all ports.

```
<DeviceReachableMacs
  xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd">
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth0</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge0</BridgeId>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb03</ReachableMac>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth1</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge0</BridgeId>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb07</ReachableMac>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb05</ReachableMac>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth2</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge0</BridgeId>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb02</ReachableMac>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb01</ReachableMac>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb04</ReachableMac>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth3</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge0</BridgeId>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
</DeviceReachableMacs>
```

2.3.8.6. Sample argument XML string – Wireless AP with one Ethernet Interface

This is an example of a wireless access point with three associated wireless stations and a single Ethernet port. The device supports layer-2 frame forwarding between all links. This includes forwarding between wireless station or to the Ethernet interface.

```
<DeviceReachableMacs
  xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd">
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>WL0</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge0</BridgeId>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb02</ReachableMac>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>WL1</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge0</BridgeId>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb01</ReachableMac>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>WL2</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge0</BridgeId>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb04</ReachableMac>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb09</ReachableMac>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth0</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge0</BridgeId>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb03</ReachableMac>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb07</ReachableMac>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb05</ReachableMac>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
</DeviceReachableMacs>
```

2.3.8.7. Sample argument XML string – Bridge device between Wireless station and Ethernet

This is an example of a bridging device with two interfaces on different network technologies. It does layer-2 forwarding of frames between wireless station interface and the wired Ethernet interface.

```
<DeviceReachableMacs
  xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/PathInformation.xsd">
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>WL0</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge0</BridgeId>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
  <LinkReachableMacs>
    <LinkId>eth0</LinkId>
    <BridgeId>Bridge0</BridgeId>
    <ReachableMac>112233aabb04</ReachableMac>
  </LinkReachableMacs>
</DeviceReachableMacs>
```

2.3.9. A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceInfo

A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceInfo is a structure that provides port numbers and protocol information associated with a traffic stream.

2.3.9.1. XML Schema Definition

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/QosDeviceInfo.xsd"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  targetNamespace="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/QosDeviceInfo.xsd"
  elementFormDefault="qualified" id="QosDeviceInfo">
```

```

<xs:annotation>
  <xs:documentation xml:lang="en">
    QoS Device Information schema.
    Copyright 2004, 2005 UPnP(tm). All rights reserved.
  </xs:documentation>
</xs:annotation>
<xs:element name="QosDeviceInfo" type="QosDeviceInfoType"/>
<xs:complexType name="QosDeviceInfoType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="TrafficHandle" type="xs:string"/>
    <xs:element name="SourcePort" type="IpPortNumber" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="DestinationPort" type="IpPortNumber" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="IpProtocol" type="IpProtocolType"/>
    <xs:element name="v2" type="v2ExtensionType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <!-- allow any element except those from target namespace -->
    <xs:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##local" processContents="lax"/>
    </xs:choice>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:simpleType name="IpPortNumber">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:nonNegativeInteger">
    <xs:minInclusive value="0"/>
    <xs:maxInclusive value="65535"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="IpProtocolType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:nonNegativeInteger">
    <xs:minInclusive value="0"/>
    <xs:maxInclusive value="255"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:complexType name="v2ExtensionType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:any namespace="##targetNamespace" processContents="lax"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute/>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>

```

2.3.9.2. Description of fields in A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceInfo structure

TrafficHandle: This is a required field that identifies the Traffic Descriptor for which QoS device information is being returned.

SourcePort: This value represents the source port that is going to be used for a traffic stream.

DestinationPort: This value represents the destination port that is going to be used for a traffic stream.

Protocol: This field represents the IANA assigned protocol number of the traffic stream.

2.3.9.3. Sample argument XML string

```

<QosDeviceInfo xmlns="http://www.upnp.org/schemas/QosDevice.xsd">
  <TrafficHandle>abcxyz</TrafficHandle>
  <SourcePort>1001</SourcePort>
  <DestinationPort>2003</DestinationPort>
  <Protocol>6</Protocol>
</QosDeviceInfo>

```

2.3.10. Relationships between State Variables

2.4. Eventing and Moderation

Table 2-2: Event Moderation

Variable Name	Evented	Moderated Event	Max Event Rate ¹	Logical Combination	Min Delta per Event ²
PathInformation	Yes	Yes	2	NA	NA

¹ Determined by N, where Rate = (Event)/(N secs).
² (N) * (allowedValueRange Step).

2.4.1. Event Model

The state variable PathInformation is optional, but must be evented when implemented..

Any time there is a change in Path information, the QoS device will issue an event and send the updated PathInformation variable in the body of the event. This event is moderated to avoid flooding the network with repeated events.

2.5. Actions

Immediately following this table is detailed information about these actions, including short descriptions of the actions, the effects of the actions on state variables, and error codes defined by the actions.

Table 2-3: Actions

Name	Req. or Opt. ¹
GetQosDeviceCapabilities	R
GetQosState	R
SetupTrafficQos	R
ReleaseTrafficQos	R
GetPathInformation	O
GetQosDeviceInfo	O

¹ R = Required, O = Optional, X = Non-standard.

2.5.1. GetQosDeviceCapabilities

This action returns the static QoS capabilities of the QoS Device.

2.5.1.1. Arguments

Table 2-4: Arguments for GetQosDeviceCapabilities

Argument	Direction	relatedStateVariable
QosDeviceCapabilities	Out	A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceCapabilities

2.5.1.2. Dependency on State (if any)

None, these are static capabilities.

2.5.1.3. Effect on State (if any)

none

2.5.1.4. Errors

Refer to UPnP Device Architecture for common error codes.

Table 2-5: Error Codes for GetQosDeviceCapabilities

errorCode	errorDescription	Description

2.5.2. GetQosState

This action returns the instantaneous QoS state of the device. The device must list the TrafficDescriptor(s) in the ListOfTrafficDescriptors argument in the order they were admitted to the device by the QoS Manager(s).

2.5.2.1. Arguments

Table 2-6: Arguments for GetQosState

Argument	Direction	relatedStateVariable
QosDeviceState	Out	A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceState
NumberOfTrafficDescriptors	Out	A_ARG_TYPE_NumTrafficDescriptors
ListOfTrafficDescriptors	Out	A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface

2.5.2.2. Dependency on State (if any)

This action does not have any dependency on the state of QosDevice service.

2.5.2.3. Effect on State (if any)

This action does not have any effect on the state of QosDevice service.

2.5.2.4. Errors

Table 2-7: Error Codes for GetQosState

errorCode	errorDescription	Description

2.5.3. SetupTrafficQos

SetupTrafficQoS interface indicates to the device to setup QoS for the Traffic described by A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptor. If there is no traffic descriptor with the same A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficHandle, then the traffic descriptor is registered in the device. If the device already has the traffic descriptor (identified by the traffic handle) registered, then the device must return an error (Error Code 702).

Please refer to the [QM] document Appendix ‘Traffic Descriptor Matrix’ for information about all of the fields of the TrafficDescriptor and how they are used.

Typically, the QoS Manager calls this action only once per traffic handle registration. If the QoS Manager intends to update QoS associated with the traffic (e.g. the lease time of the traffic), then it has to go over the complete traffic setup process again after it has released the QoS.

When QosManager supplies TrafficDescriptor to QosDevice when calling this action, it must provide TrafficImportanceNumber. If the TrafficImportanceNumber is not provided then QosDevice must return error 711 (Insufficient information) indicating that the input information is not complete.

When QosManager supplies TrafficDescriptor to QosDevice when calling this action, it must provide ActiveTspecIndex. If the ActiveTspecIndex is not provided then QosDevice must return error 722.

If a QosManager does not supply a TrafficHandle in a TrafficDescriptor to QosDevice, the QosDevice must return error code 700.

In the TrafficDescriptor to the QosDevice, the Tspec for which TrafficPolicy is provided is indicated by the ActiveTspecIndex. ActiveTspecIndex must be one of the TspecIndex values in the AvailableOrderedTspecList. If not, QosDevice must return an error code 723.

2.5.3.1. Arguments

Table 2-8: Arguments for SetupTrafficQos

Argument	Direction	relatedStateVariable
SetupTrafficDescriptor	In	A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptor
QosStateId	In	A_ARG_TYPE_QosStateId

2.5.3.2. Dependency on State (if any)

QosStateId is provided as input to this action. In case the current QosStateId of the device is different than the one specified by the QosManager, the action returns an error (Error Code 760). Otherwise, the QosDevice sets up QoS for the traffic.

2.5.3.3. Effect on State (if any)

Upon successful completion of this action, the QosDevice sets up QoS for the traffic specified in the action request. Please refer to ‘Theory of Operation’ section for more details.

2.5.3.4. Errors

Table 2-9: Error Codes for SetupTrafficQos

errorCode	errorDescription	Description
700	Traffic Handle missing or empty	Traffic Handle must be filled in as input to this action.
702	Traffic Handle already registered	A QosManager is not allowed to setup or modify QoS using SetupTrafficQos if QoS has already been setup for that handle.
710	Incomplete TrafficId	All TrafficId fields (Source Ip, Destination IP, Source Port, Destination Port and Protocol) must be present.
711	Insufficient information	The input information is not complete.
720	ActiveTspecIndex is not a TspecIndex	
751	Device not on path	
760	QosStateId does not match	Please refer to the ‘Theory of Operation’ section.
761	QosDevice cannot setup this stream	QoS Setup failed, e.g device does not support prioritized QoS

2.5.4. ReleaseTrafficQos

ReleaseTrafficQoS provides an indication to the device to release the QoS for the traffic identified by A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficHandle. After this call, traffic handle is no longer registered at the device to provide QoS. The device must release all its QoS resources allocated to that traffic.

2.5.4.1. Arguments

Table 2-10: Arguments for ReleaseTrafficQos

Argument	Direction	relatedStateVariable
ReleaseTrafficHandle	In	A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficHandle

2.5.4.2. Dependency on State (if any)

The TrafficHandle provided has to be valid.

2.5.4.3. Effect on State (if any)

After this call, traffic handle is no longer registered at the device to provide QoS. The device must release all its QoS resources allocated to that traffic.

The QosStateId is no longer valid after the completion of this action. Hence the QosDevice must update the QosStateId after every successful completion of this action.

2.5.4.4. Errors

Table 2-11: Error Codes for ReleaseTrafficQos

errorCode	errorDescription	Description
703	Traffic Handle unknown to this device	

2.5.5. GetPathInformation

This is an optional action. When supported, this action call returns the ‘PathInformation’ structure for that QosDevice service providing information about the reachable MACs. This information may be used by the QosManager for path determination.

2.5.5.1. Arguments

Table 2-12: Arguments for GetPathInformation

Argument	Direction	relatedStateVariable
PathInformation	Out	PathInformation

2.5.5.2. Dependency on State (if any)

None.

2.5.5.3. Effect on State (if any)

None.

2.5.5.4. Errors

Table 2-13: Error Codes for GetPathInformation

errorCode	errorDescription	Description

2.5.6. GetQosDeviceInfo

This is an optional action. When supported, this action call returns the ‘QosDeviceInfo’ structure for that QosDevice service providing information about the port number and protocol information associated with the provided TrafficDescriptor. The device may be able to determine this information based on the following:

- Available elements of the TrafficId
- AvTransportUri and AvTransportInstanceId if specified

- MediaServerConnectionId and MediaRendererConnectionId if specified

QosDeviceInfo returned as part of this action may be used by the *QosManager* to complete the traffic identifier structure.

2.5.6.1. Arguments

Table 2-14: Arguments for GetQosDeviceInfo

Argument	Direction	relatedStateVariable
TrafficDescriptor	In	A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptor
QosDeviceInfo	Out	A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceInfo

2.5.6.2. Dependency on State (if any)

2.5.6.3. Effect on State (if any)

None.

2.5.6.4. Errors

Table 2-15: Error Codes for GetQosDeviceInfo

errorCode	errorDescription	Description
712	Incomplete information to determine protocol and port numbers	Incomplete information. For example, in case of the UPnP AV scenario, <i>MediaServerConnectionId</i> , <i>MediaRendererConnectionId</i> , <i>AvTransportUri</i> or <i>AvTransportInstanceId</i> is required but not provided.

2.5.7. Non-Standard Actions Implemented by a UPnP Vendor

To facilitate certification, non-standard actions implemented by UPnP vendors should be included in this service template. The UPnP Device Architecture lists naming requirements for non-standard actions (see the section on Description).

2.5.8. Relationships Between Actions

2.5.9. Common Error Codes

The following table lists error codes common to actions for this service type. If an action results in multiple errors, the most specific error must be returned. These common error codes are defined in the UPnP Device Architecture [DEVICE] and other Technical Committee documents.

Table 2-16: Common Error Codes

errorCode	errorDescription	Description
400-499	TBD	See UPnP Device Architecture section on Control.
500-599	TBD	See UPnP Device Architecture section on Control.
600-699	TBD	See UPnP Device Architecture section on Control.
700	Traffic Handle missing or empty	Traffic Handle must be filled in as input to this action.
702	Traffic Handle already registered	A QoSManager is not allowed to setup or modify QoS using SetupTrafficQos if QoS has already been setup for that handle.
703	Traffic Handle unknown to this device	
710	Incomplete TrafficId	All TrafficId fields (Source Ip, Destination IP, Source Port, Destination Port and Protocol) must be present.
711	Insufficient information	The input information is not complete.
712	Incomplete information to determine protocol and port numbers	Incomplete information. For example, in case of the UPnP AV scenario, MediaServerConnectionId, MediaRendererConnectionId, AvTransportUri or AvTransportInstanceId is required but not provided.
720	ActiveTspecIndex is not a TspecIndex	
751	Device not on path	
760	QosStateId does not match	Please refer to the ‘Theory of Operation’ section.
761	QosDevice cannot setup this stream	QoS Setup failed, e.g device does not support prioritized QoS
800-899	<i>TBD</i>	<i>(Specified by UPnP vendor.)</i>

2.6. Theory of Operation

The QosDevice Service provides an action for control points to query the QoS state of the device, execute actions on the device and register for events the device generates. Typically the QoS Management Entity interacts with the QosDevice Service.

A UPnP QosDevice will expose its static QoS capabilities through the GetQosDeviceCapabilities action. The static capabilities include type of native QoS support, such as "Prioritized" or "BestEffort". Other capabilities include maximum PHY rate. Although currently device level admission control is not supported, there is an element 'AdmissionControlSupported' which is expected to always return the value of 'No'.

The run time QoS state of the device may be very different from what was advertised through the GetQoSDeviceCapabilities and this state is exposed through the GetQosState action. The GetQosState action provides information about the currently active traffic streams on the device using TrafficDescriptor structures.

The SetupTrafficQos action provides a mechanism for the QoS Management Entity to request the device to provide network resources for a traffic stream identified by the TrafficDescriptor.

Race conditions may occur when different QoS Management Entities use the actions GetQosState and SetupTrafficQos. To identify such conditions, the QosDevice provides a unique identification of its state named QosStateId in reply to the action GetQosState. The QoS Management Entity provides QosStateId as input argument to SetupTrafficQos. In case the QosStateId sent by the QoS Management Entity does not match the most recent QosStateId handed out by the device, the device responds to SetupTrafficQoS with error code 760.

The QoS Management Entity can indicate to the QosDevice to release resources in two ways. The QoS Management Entity may either call the ReleaseTrafficQoS action or simply not renew the lease time associated with the traffic stream.

The QosDevice provides layer 2 reachability information to the QoS Management Entity through the GetPathInformation action. This information includes the link identifier, MAC address, bridging information and reachable MAC addresses for each link on the QosDevice. This is useful to help a QoS Management Entity determine the topology of the network and the path of the traffic streams.

A QoS Management Entity may provide a lease time as part of a TrafficDescriptor as input to SetupTrafficQos. When the lease time expires, the QosDevice releases the QoS resources allocated to that TrafficDescriptor. In case, QoS Management Entity does not specify the lease time, the QoS resources remain allocated until they are released by a QoS Management Entity.

The persistence of any QosDevice information across reboots is not required.

3. XML Service Descriptions

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<scpd xmlns="urn:schemas-upnp-org:QosDevice:1">

    <specVersion>
        <major>1</major>
        <minor>0</minor>
    </specVersion>

    <actionList>
        <action>
            <name>GetPathInformation</name>
            <argumentList>
                <argument>
                    <name>PathInformation</name>
                    <direction>out</direction>
                    <relatedStateVariable>PathInformation</relatedStateVariable>
                </argument>
            </argumentList>
        </action>
        <action>
            <name>GetQosDeviceCapabilities</name>
            <argumentList>
                <argument>
                    <name>QosDeviceCapabilities</name>
                    <direction>out</direction>
                </argument>
            </argumentList>
        </action>
        <action>
            <name>GetQosDeviceInfo</name>
            <argumentList>
                <argument>
                    <name>SetupTrafficDescriptor</name>
                    <direction>in</direction>
                </argument>
            </argumentList>
        </action>
        <action>
            <name>GetQosState</name>
            <argumentList>
                <argument>
                    <name>QosDeviceState</name>
                    <direction>out</direction>
                </argument>
            </argumentList>
        </action>
        <action>
            <name>A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceState</name>
            <argumentList>
                <argument>
                    <name>NumberOfTrafficDescriptors</name>
                    <direction>out</direction>
                </argument>
            </argumentList>
        </action>
        <action>
            <name>A_ARG_TYPE_NumTrafficDescriptors</name>
            <argumentList>
                <argument>
                    <name>A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptor</name>
                    <direction>out</direction>
                </argument>
            </argumentList>
        </action>
    </actionList>
</scpd>
```

```

<argument>
    <name>ListOfTrafficDescriptors</name>
    <direction>out</direction>

<relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface</relatedStateVariable>
    </argument>
</argumentList>
</action>
<action>
    <name>ReleaseTrafficQos</name>
    <argumentList>
        <argument>
            <name>ReleaseTrafficHandle</name>
            <direction>in</direction>

<relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficHandle</relatedStateVariable>
    </argument>
</argumentList>
</action>
<action>
    <name>SetupTrafficQos</name>
    <argumentList>
        <argument>
            <name>SetupTrafficDescriptor</name>
            <direction>in</direction>

<relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptor</relatedStateVariable>
    </argument>
<argument>
            <name>QosStateId</name>
            <direction>in</direction>

<relatedStateVariable>A_ARG_TYPE_QosStateId</relatedStateVariable>
    </argument>
</argumentList>
</action>
</actionList>

<serviceStateTable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficHandle</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_QosStateId</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceState</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_NumTrafficDescriptors</name>
        <dataType>ui4</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceInfo</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="yes">
        <name>PathInformation</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
    </stateVariable>
    <stateVariable sendEvents="no">
        <name>A_ARG_TYPE_QosDeviceCapabilities</name>
        <dataType>string</dataType>
    </stateVariable>

```

```
</stateVariable>
<stateVariable sendEvents="no">
  <name>A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptorsPerInterface</name>
  <dataType>string</dataType>
</stateVariable>
<stateVariable sendEvents="no">
  <name>A_ARG_TYPE_TrafficDescriptor</name>
  <dataType>string</dataType>
</stateVariable>
</serviceStateTable>
</scpd>
```

4. Test

No semantic tests have been specified for this service.

**INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION**

3, rue de Varembé
PO Box 131
CH-1211 Geneva 20
Switzerland

Tel: + 41 22 919 02 11
Fax: + 41 22 919 03 00
info@iec.ch
www.iec.ch